

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Benjamin Mattson McHone,

Plaintiff,

v.

Univision Communications Inc.,

Defendant.

Case No:

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Benjamin Mattson McHone (“*Plaintiff*”), by and through his undersigned counsel, for his Complaint against defendant Univision Communications Inc. (“*Defendant*”) states and alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This action seeks to recover damages for copyright infringement under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §101 *et seq.*

2. Plaintiff created a video of a tornado hitting Carbon, Iowa (the “*Video*”) in which Plaintiff owns the rights and licenses for various uses including online and print publications. Upon information and belief, Defendant’s business model is multifaceted, primarily built around Spanish-language media and content.

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant’s business encompasses traditional television networks, streaming services, and radio broadcasting, with a strong emphasis on reaching the U.S. Hispanic population.

4. Upon information and belief, Defendant generates revenue through advertising, subscription fees, and distribution agreements.

5. In furtherance and as a part of Defendant’s business model, Defendant owns and operates a website at www.univision.com.com (the “*Website*”).

6. Defendant also owns and operates a social media account on YouTube known as “Univision Noticias” (the “*Account*”).

7. Defendant, without permission or authorization from Plaintiff, actively copied and displayed the Video on the Website as well as the Account to generate revenue for itself and engaged in this misconduct knowingly and in violation of the United States copyright laws.

PARTIES

8. Plaintiff Benjamin Mattson McHone is an individual who is a citizen of the State of Oklahoma and maintains a principal place of business in Cleveland County, Oklahoma.

9. Upon information and belief, defendant Univision Communications Inc., is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 605 Third Avenue, New York in New York County, New York.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the federal copyright infringement claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1338(a) and 28 U.S.C. §1331.

11. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it maintains its principal place of business in New York.

12. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2) because Defendant does business in this Judicial District and/or because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this Judicial District.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS

A. Plaintiff's Copyright Ownership

13. Plaintiff is a professional videographer by trade who is the legal and rightful owner of certain videos which Plaintiff commercially licenses.

14. Plaintiff has invested significant time and money in building Plaintiff's video portfolio.

15. Plaintiff has obtained active and valid copyright registrations from the United States Copyright Office (the “*USCO*”) which cover many of Plaintiff's videos while many others are the

subject of pending copyright applications.

16. Plaintiff's videos are original, creative works in which Plaintiff owns protectable copyright interests.

17. On May 21, 2024, Plaintiff first published the Video. A copy of a screengrab of the Video is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

18. In creating the Video, Plaintiff personally selected the subject matter, timing, lighting, angle, perspective, depth, lens, and camera equipment used to capture the video recording and made each and every artistic determination necessary for the creation of the work.

19. On September 4, 2024, the Video was registered by the USCO under Registration No. PA 2-496-268.

20. Plaintiff created the Video with the intention of it being used commercially and for the purpose of display and/or public distribution.

B. Defendant's Infringing Activity

21. Defendant is the registered owner of the Website and is responsible for its content.

22. Defendant is the operator of the Website and is responsible for its content.

23. The Website is a key component of Defendant's popular and lucrative commercial enterprise.

24. The Website is monetized in that it contains paid advertisements and, on information and belief, Defendant profits from these activities.

25. The Website is monetized in that it sells merchandise to the public and, on information and belief, Defendant profits from these activities.

26. Defendant is the registered owner of the Account and is responsible for its content.

27. Defendant is the operator of the Account and is responsible for its content.

28. The Account is a part of and used to advance Defendant's commercial enterprise.

29. Upon information and belief, Defendant is a sophisticated media company which owns a comprehensive portfolio of digital marketing assets and has advanced operational and strategic expertise in an industry where copyright is prevalent.

30. Upon information and belief, Defendant's staff have significant experience in copyright matters and are familiar with specific journalistic practices including the need to ensure that images used in their on-line posts have been properly licensed.

31. Upon information and belief, Defendant has not implemented adequate internal policies to verify copyright ownership before content use, indicating a gross negligence in legal compliance, which is essential for a company with Defendant's reach, capabilities, and level of sophistication.

32. Upon information and belief, Defendant's internal policies, if any, are either not designed to verify copyright ownership before content use or are systematically ignored, indicating a willful, recurring disregard for copyright compliance.

33. Upon information and belief, over sixty (60) copyright lawsuits have been filed against Defendant highlighting a pattern of habitual infringement and suggesting Defendant has either failed to rectify systemic issues leading to these infringements or is willfully neglecting copyright laws.

34. Defendant's failure to adopt or effectively enforce internal copyright policies, if any, indicates *de facto* willful infringement.

35. On or about May 22, 2024, without permission or authorization from Plaintiff, Defendant volitionally copied and displayed the Video on the Website as part of an on-line story at URL: <https://www.univision.com/shows/la-voz-de-la-manana/lo-mejor-de-noticias-univision-de-la-manana-miercoles-22-de-mayo-de-2024-video> ("*Infringement 1*"). A copy of a screengrab depicting Infringement 1 on the Website is attached hereto collectively as Exhibit 2.

36. Further, on or about May 22, 2024, without permission or authorization from Plaintiff, Defendant volitionally copied and displayed the Video on the Account as part of an on-line post at URL: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O2atk1R9msk> ("*Infringement 2*"). A copy of a screengrab depicting Infringement 2 on the Account is attached hereto collectively as Exhibit 2.

37. The Infringements are copies of Plaintiff's original video recording that were

directly copied and displayed on the Website as well as the Account by Defendant with the addition of Defendant's "Univision" logo.

38. Plaintiff first observed the Infringements on May 21, 2025.

39. Upon information and belief, the Video was copied and displayed by Defendant without license or permission, thereby infringing on Plaintiff's copyrights in and to the Video.

40. The Infringements include a URL ("*Uniform Resource Locator*") for a fixed tangible medium of expression that was sufficiently permanent or stable to permit it to be communicated for a period of more than a transitory duration and therefore constitutes a specific infringement.

41. Upon information and belief, Defendant takes an active and pervasive role in the content posted on the Website as well as the Account, including, but not limited to copying, posting, selecting, commenting on, and displaying video recordings including but not limited to Plaintiff's Video.

42. Upon information and belief, the Video was willfully and volitionally posted to the Website as well as the Account by Defendant.

43. Upon information and belief, Defendant was aware of facts or circumstances from which the determination regarding the Infringements were apparent. Defendant cannot claim that it was not aware of the infringing activities, including the specific Infringements which form the basis of this complaint, since such a claim would amount to only willful blindness to the Infringements on the part of Defendant.

44. Upon information and belief, Defendant engaged in the Infringements knowingly and in violation of applicable United States copyright laws.

45. Upon information and belief, Defendant had complete control over and actively reviewed and monitored the content posted on the Website as well as the Account.

46. Upon information and belief, Defendant has the legal right and ability to control and limit the infringing activities on the Website as well as the Account and exercised and/or had the right and ability to exercise such right.

47. Upon information and belief, Defendant has received a financial benefit directly attributable to the Infringements.

48. Upon information and belief, the Infringements increased traffic to the Website as well as the Account and, in turn, caused Defendant to realize an increase in its business revenues.

49. Upon information and belief, a large number of people have viewed the unlawful copies of the Video on the Website as well as the Account.

50. Upon information and belief, Defendant at all times had the ability to stop the reproduction and display of Plaintiff's copyrighted material.

51. Defendant's use of the Video harmed the actual market for the Video.

52. Defendant's use of the Video, if widespread, would harm Plaintiff's potential market for the Video.

53. As a result of Defendant's misconduct, Plaintiff has been substantially harmed.

FIRST COUNT

(Direct Copyright Infringement, 17 U.S.C. §501 et seq.)

54. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs, as though set forth in full herein.

55. The Video is an original, creative work in which Plaintiff owns a valid copyright.

56. The Video is properly registered with the USCO and Plaintiff has complied with all statutory formalities under the Copyright Act and under regulations published by the USCO.

57. Plaintiff has not granted Defendant a license or the right to use the Video in any manner, nor has Plaintiff assigned any of its exclusive rights in the copyright to Defendant.

58. Without permission or authorization from Plaintiff and in willful violation of Plaintiff's rights under 17 U.S.C. §106, Defendant improperly and illegally copied, reproduced, distributed, adapted, and/or publicly displayed works copyrighted by Plaintiff thereby violating one of Plaintiff's exclusive rights in its copyrights.

59. Defendant's reproduction of the Video and display of the Video constitutes willful copyright infringement.

60. Upon information and belief, Defendant willfully infringed upon Plaintiff's copyrighted Video in violation of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, in that Defendant used, published, communicated, posted, publicized, and otherwise held out to the public for commercial benefit, Plaintiff's original and unique Video without Plaintiff's consent or authority.

61. As a result of Defendant's violations of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of actual damages and disgorgement of all of Defendant's profits attributable to the infringements as provided by 17 U.S.C. § 504 in an amount to be proven or, in the alternative, at Plaintiff's election, an award for statutory damages against Defendant for each infringement pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c).

62. As a result of the Defendant's violations of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, the court in its discretion may allow the recovery of full costs as well as reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505 from Defendant.

63. As a result of Defendant's violations of Title 17 of the U.S. Code, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief to prevent or restrain infringement of Plaintiff's copyright pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502.

JURY DEMAND

64. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial of this action by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enters a judgment finding that Defendant has infringed on Plaintiff's rights to the Video in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501 *et seq.* and therefore award damages and monetary relief as follows:

- a. finding that Defendant infringed Plaintiff's copyright interest in and to the Video by copying and displaying it without a license or consent;
- b. for an award of actual damages and disgorgement of all of Defendant's profits attributable to the infringements as provided by 17 U.S.C. § 504(b) in an amount to be proven or, in the alternative, at Plaintiff's election, an award for statutory damages against Defendant for each infringement

pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), whichever is larger;

- c. for an order pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502(a) enjoining Defendant from any infringing use of any of Plaintiff's works;
- d. for costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees against Defendant pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505;
- e. for pre-judgment interest as permitted by law; and
- f. for any other relief the Court deems just and proper.

DATED: July 22, 2025

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